

Place and date of issue: Villaverla: 29.05.2017 Rev. 01.09.2020

## CS0000 FLUX CORED WIRE

in accordance to Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015

## Section 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the Company

1.1	Identification of the product, substance or mixture					
	Product identifier	802145,802146,802208,802975,802977,802978,802979,712190,802181,802179,802188 (I.S71TGS).				
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against					
	Self-shielded flux cored wire for metal arc welding.					
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet					
	Supplier	TELWIN SPA				
	Street address	Via della Tecnica, 3				
	Country	36030 VILLAVERLA (VI)				
	Telephone number	+39 0445 858811				
	Fax	+39 0445 858800				
*	e-mail address	telwin@telwin.com				
1.4	Emergency telephone number					
	+39 0445 858811	(working hours)				
-						

### Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This product doesn't meet the criteria of classification in any hazard class according to the applicable Regulations. However the form in which product is placed on the market does not present a danger, such preparations do not require a label.

#### 2.2 Label elements

No labelling applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

- Results of evaluation of PTB and vPvB substances: the flux cored wire does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII.
- Heat: spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries.
- Radiation: UV, IR radiations. Arc ray can severely damage eyes or skin.
- Fumes: formation of dangerous fumes during use. Inhalation of welding fumes may cause respiratory irritation. Cough. Excessive or
- prolonged inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever.
- Electricity: electric shocks can kill.
- Magnetic fields: persons with a pacemaker should not go near welding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer f the device.
- Noise: Noises generated by welding equipment could damage auditory system.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- 3.1 Substances
- Not applicable.
- 3.2 Mixtures

#### The substances in the preparation are as follows:

Name of the	Range of concentration	CAS Number	EC Number	REACH Number	Hazard class	hazard statements
substance					According to European Regulation 1272/2008	
Iron	88 - 95 %	7439-89-6	231-096-4	01-2119462838-24	-	-
Calcium fluoride	1 - 5 %	7789-75-5	232-188-7	-	STOT RE 1	H372
Strontium fluoride	1 - 5 %	7783-48-4	232-000-3	17-2119879176-25	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2	H315 H319
Aluminium	2 - 4 %	7429-90-5	231-072-3	01-2119529243-45	-	-
Magnesium GHS02	0.5 - 2.0 %	7439-95-4	231-104-6	01-2119537203-49	Flam. Sol. 1 Self-heat. 1 Water-react. 2	H228 H252 H261
Manganese	0.5 - 1.5 %	7439-96-5	231-105-1	01-2119449803-34	-	-
Silicon	< 1 %	7440-21-3	231-130-8	-	-	-
Potassium silicate	< 1 %	1312-76-1	215-199-1	01-2119456888-17	Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 STOT SE 3	H314 H318 H335

## Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Welding fume inhalation: assure fresh air breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin contact with hot metal: Flush with plenty of water. Seek medical advice. Seek medical attention if burns develop. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Eye contact with hot metal: rinse immediately with plenty of water. Seek medical attention immediately. Seek In case of burns from radiations, seek medical attention.



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4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed					
	See 2.3.					
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical	attention and special trea	atment needed			
	No additional information available.					
Sec	tion 5: Firefighting measures					
5.1	Extinguishing media					
	Suitable: powder, carbon dioxide.					
	Unsuitable: water.					
5.2	Special hazards arising from the subs					
	The product for arc welding process is not	flammable.				
5.3	Advice for firefighters Do not enter fire area without proper prote	otivo oquipmont including	roopiratory			
	protection.	cuve equipment, including	respiratory			
Sec	tion 6: Accidental release r	neasures				
6.1	Personal precautions, protective equi		procedures			
	Not applicable.					
6.2	Environmental precautions					
	Not applicable.					
6.3	Methods and material for containmen	t and cleaning up				
	Solid product: collect with mechanical equ	0 1	nto suitable containers.			
6.4	Reference to other sections					
	Section number 8 and 13.					
Sec	tion 7: Handling and storag	<i>ie</i>				
7.1	Precautions for safe handling					
	No special precautions necessary the pro		em of aspiration system and/or	ventilation such as to ensure the		
	fulfillment of exposition standards shall be		war whan looving the working o	roop Domovia contaminated elethop		
	Do not eat, drink and smocking in the wor and protective equipment before to enter			reas. Remove contaminated ciotnes		
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including					
1.2	Avoid the contact with chemical substance					
	High-density solid product. Avoid storage	in unstable positions				
7.3	Specific end use(s).					
-	Not applicable.					
Sec	tion 8: Exposure controls/p	personal protection	on			
8.1	Control parameters					
	The following substances may be produced					
	Substance	CAS Number	TLV-TWA [mg/m₃] *	Gestis Limit value (8 h) [mg/m3] **		
	Fe oxides (powder and fumes as Fe)	1309-37-1	5	5		
	Manganese and inorganic compounds (as Mn)	7439-96-5	0.2	0.2		
	Manganese, fume or respirable dust	7439-96-5		0.2		
	Silicon oxides (as Si fumes)	69012-64-1	2	0.2		
	Particles not otherwise classified (PNOC)		3			
	Ozone	10028-15-6	0.2	0.2		
	Fluorides (as F)		2.5	2.5		
	Aluminium metal and insoluble compounds	7429-90-5	1	1		
	Magnesium oxide, fume	1309-48-4	10	10		
	References of TLV limit values taken from "			- 1 hun - 0040		
**	Reference IFA limit values taken from IFA ( Exposure controls	Institute for Occupational S	barety and Health). Date of upd			
- 0.2	Protection in case of insufficient ventilatio	n: wear suitable respiratory	equipment. Do not breathe da	s/fumes/vapour.		
-	Hand protection: Welding gloves.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
-	Skin protection: Skin protection appropria					
-	It is recommended to use of Exposure Scenario in addition to the provided information.					

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
	PROPERTIES	VALUE		
	Appearance	Solid, grey		
	Odour	Odourless		



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	Odour threshold	Not applicable
	pH	Not applicable
	Melting point/freezing point [°C]	ca 1500 / Not applicable
	Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point	No data available No data available
	Evaporation rate	No data available
	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
	Vapour pressure	No data available
	Vapour density	No data available
	Relative density [kg/dm3]	~ 7
	Solubility(ies)	No data available
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
	Decomposition temperature	No data available
	Viscosity	No data available
	Explosive properties	No data available
	Oxidising properties	No data available
9.2	Other information	
	No additional information available.	
Sec	tion 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1	Reactivity	
	None under normal conditions.	
10.2	Chemical stability	
10.2	Stable under normal conditions (< 300°C).	
40.0		
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
10.4	None under normal conditions.	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	
	None under normal conditions.	
10.5	Incompatible materials	
	Contact with chemical substances like acids or bases, this p	roduct could cause generation of gas.
10.6	Cancer): Group 2B Cancer suspected agent. The amount of	are classified carcinogen by the IARC (International Agency for Research on f fumes generated change with the welding parameters and the diameters of
Sec	tion 11: Toxicological information	idation of the components listed in section 3 or included in the base material.
11.1	Information on toxicological effects	
	Acute toxicity	Not classified
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Carcinogenicity	See Section 8 and 10 for welding fumes
	Reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	STOT-repeated exposure	See Section 8 and 10 for welding fumes
6	Aspiration hazard	Not classified
	tion 12: Ecological information	
12.1	Toxicity	
	The flux cored wire, in massive form, don't present hazards the release of the metals in the environment.	to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the
12.2	Persistence and degradability	
12.2		to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the
	release of the metals in the environment.	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	
12.0		to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the
	release of the metals in the environment.	
12.4		
	-	to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the
	release of the metals in the environment.	
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
	The flux cored wire, in massive form, don't present hazards	to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the
	release of the metals in the environment	
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12.6 Other adverse effects

The flux cored wire, in massive form, don't present hazards to the environment. Avoid the condition that can lead to their corrosion and the release of the metals in the environment

### Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste): Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Waste code for the industrial waste according to Commission Decision 2014/955/EU:

- -12 01 02: powder and particulate of ferrous materials.
- -12 01 13: welding wastes.

### <u>Section</u> 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Product is not classified as dangerous good for transport and have no UN number

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- Not applicable.
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable.
- 14.4 Packing group Not applicable.

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

The product is not environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID and ADN) and/or a marine pollutant according to the IMDG Code.

14.6 Special precautions for user

There are no any special precautions No additional information available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

#### Not applicable.

### Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Further rules, limitations and legal prescriptions: Directive ROHS 2011/65. Can be used in the fabrication of electric and electronic devices. 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the product.

#### Section 16: Other information

The contents and the format of this safety data sheet comply with the Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830, Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation).

#### FULL TEXT OF HAZARD CLASSES AND HAZARD STATEMENT USED IN SECTION 3

Flam. Sol. 1: Flammable solid Hazard category 1;

Water-react. 2: Substance or mixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas Hazard category 2;

- Self-heat. 1: Self-heating substance or mixture Hazard category 1;
- Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation Hazard category 1B;
- Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Hazard category 1;
- STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity single exposure Hazard category 3;
- STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), category 1;
- Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation Hazard category 2;
- Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Hazard category 2;
- H228: Flammable solid.;
- H252: Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire.;
- H261: In contact with water releases flammable gases.;
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage;
- H315: Causes skin irritation.;
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.;
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.;
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.;

H372: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).

### LEGEND:

- ✓ PBT: persistent, bio accumulative and toxic;
- ✓ vPvB: very persistent and very bio accumulative;
- ✓ TLV-TWA: threshold limit value time weighted average;



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#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

- ✓ Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830;
- ✓ Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006;
- ✓ Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008;
- ✓ Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets, Version 3.1 November 2015;
- ✓ http://echa.europa.eu;
- ✓ http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de;
- European Welding Association: recommendations for Exposure Scenarios, Risk Management Measures and to Welding Exposure Scenario WES 2011;
- ✓ 2014/955/EU: Commission Decision of 18 December 2014 amending Decision 2000/532/EC on the list of waste pursuant to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council Text with EEA relevance

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : The information in this sheet is based on the knowledge available when it was published. The user must ensure that the information is applicable and exhaustive for the application. The information contained in this sheet is only applicable for this product. The product must not be used for any application that is not allowed, in this case we will not be responsible for any damage caused. The user must respect current Safety, Health and Environmental legislation. This information concerns Safety and is not a substitute to the technical data of the product. This sheet cancels and replaces the previous ones.

#### EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Welding Exposure Scenario WES - ENGL

EWA2011

#### Recommendations for Exposure Scenarios, Risk Management Measures and to identify Operational Conditions under which metals, alloys and metallic articles may be safely welded

Welding/Brazing produces fumes which can affect human health and the environment. Fumes are a varying mixture of airborne gases and fine particles which, If Inhaled or swallowed, constitute a health hazard. The degree of risk will depend on the composition of the fume, concentration of the fume and duration of exposure. The fume composition is dependent upon the material being worked, the process and consumables being used. coatings on the work such as paint. galvanizing or plating, oil or contaminants from cleaning and degreasing activities. A systematic approach to the assessment of exposure is necessary, taking into account the particular circumstances for the operator and ancillary worker that can be exposed.

Considering the emission of fumes when welding, brazing or cutting of metals. It is recommended to (1) arrange risk management measures through applying general information and guidelines provided by this exposure scenario and (2) using the information provided by the Safety Data Sheet, issued in accordance with REACH, by the welding consumable manufacturer.

The employer shall ensure that the risk from welding fumes to the safety and health of workers is eliminated or reduced to a minimum. The following principle shall be applied:

1- Select the applicable process/material combinations with the lowest class, whenever possible.

2- Set welding process with the lowest emission parameter.

3- Apply the relevant collective protective measure in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into account after all other measures is applied.

4- Wear the relevant personal protective equipment in accordance with the duty cycle.

In addition, compliance with the National Regulations regarding the exposure to welding fumes of welders and related personnel shall be verified.

In the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process / material combinations- below, reference is made to the following standards for collective and personal protection measures:

ISO 4063	Welding process Reference Numbers according to ISO 4063
EN ISO 15012-1 :2004	Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements testing and marking of equipment or air filtration - Part 1: Testing of the separation efficiency for welding fume
EN ISO 15012-2:2008	Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements, testing and marking of equipment for air filtration - Part 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and nozzles
EN 149:2001	Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements. testing. marking (FFP1 - FFP2 - FFP3)
EN 1835:2000	Respiratory protective devices. Light duty construction compressed air line breathing apparatus incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (LDH1 - LDH2 - LDH3).
EN 12941:1998	Respiratory protective devices. Powered filtering devices incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (TH1 - TH2 - TH3).
EN 143:2000	Respiratory protective devices - Particle filters - Requirements. testing. marking (P1, P2, P3)
Directive 1998/24/EC	Article 6.2 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work
BGR 190	Benutzung von Atemschutzgeraten (Berufsgenossenschaftliche Regel fur Sicherheit und Gesundheit bei der Arbeit)
TRGS 528	Schweisstechnische Arbeiten (Technische Regeln fur Gefahrstoffe)



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Also in the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process/ material combinations", reference is made to footnotes. The description of these footnotes:

- 1. Class: approximate ranking to mitigate risk by selecting process/material combinations with the lowest value. Identified collective and individual risk management measures shall be applied
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) required avoiding exceeding the National Exposure Limit Value (DC: Duty cycle expressed on 8 hours)
- 3. General Ventilation (GV) Low. With additional Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV) and extracted air to the outside, the GV or LEV capacity may be reduced to 1/5 of the original requirement.
- 4. General Ventilation (GV) Medium (double compared to Low)
- 5. Filtrating half mask (FFP2)
- 6. When an alloyed consumable is used, measures from "Class V" are required
- 7. General Ventilation (GV) Low. When no Local Exhaust Ventilation, the ventilation requirement is 5-fold
- 8. Filtrating half mask (FFP3), helmet with powered filters (TH2/P2). or helmet with external air supply (LDH2)
- 9. Reduced (negative) pressured Area: A separate, ventilated area where reduced (negative) pressure, compared to the surrounded area. is maintained
- 10. Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV) High, extraction at source (includes table, hood, arm or torch extraction)
- 11. Helmet with powered filters (TH3/P3), or helmet with external air supply (LDH3)
- 12. Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV) Low. extraction at source (Includes table. hood, arm or torch extraction)
- 13. Local Exhaust Ventilation (LEV) Medium, extraction at source (includes table, hood. arm or torch extraction)
- 14. Recommended measures to comply with national maximum allowable limits. Extracted fumes. for all materials except unalloyed steel and aluminium, shall be filtered before release in the outside environment.
- 15. A confined space, despite its name, is not necessarily small. Examples of confined spaces include ship, silos, vats, utility vaults, tanks, etc.
- 16. Improved helmet. designed to avoid direct flow of welding fumes inside
- "n.a" Not applicable
- "n.r." Not recommended



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### Welding Exposure Scenario WES - ENGL

#### EWA2011

#### Risk Management Measures for individual process/ base material combinations

Class <sup>1</sup>	Process	Base	Remarks	Ventilation /	PPE <sup>2</sup>	PPE <sup>2</sup>
Class	(according to ISO 4063)	Materials		Extraction/ Filtration <sup>14</sup>	DC<15%	DC>15%
			Non-confined space	15		
I	GTAW 141					
	SAW 12					
	Autogeneous3PAW15					
	ESW/EGW 72/73	All	Except Aluminium	GV low <sup>3</sup>	n.r.	n.r.
	Resistance 2					
	Stud welding 78					
	Solid state 521					
	Gases Brazing 9	All	Except Cd- alloys	GV low <sup>3</sup>	n.r.	n.r.
II	GTAW 141	Aluminium	n.a.	GV medium <sup>4</sup>	n.a.	FFP2 <sup>5</sup>
III	MMAW 111	All	Except Be-, V-, Mn-, Ni-			
			alloys and Stainless <sup>6</sup>			
	FCAW 136/137	All	Except Stainless and Ni-			
	100,107	,	alloys 6	GV low <sup>7</sup>	Improved	
	GMAW 131/135	All	Except Cu-, Be-, V-	LEV low <sup>12</sup>	helmet <sup>16</sup>	FFP2 <sup>5</sup>
			alloys <sup>6</sup> Except Be-, V-, Cu-, Mn-	4		
	Powder Plasma Arc 152	2 All	, Ni-alloys and			
	Fowder Flashia Aic 152	All	Stainless <sup>6</sup>			
IV		Painted /		0.11.3		
	All processes class I	primed / oiled	No Pb containing primer	GV low <sup>3</sup>		FFP3, TH2/P2 , or LDH2 <sup>8</sup>
	All processes class III	Painted /	No Pb containing primer	GV low <sup>7</sup>	FFP2 <sup>5</sup>	
	All plocesses class III	primed / oiled	No Po containing primer	LEV low <sup>12</sup>		
V		Stainless, Ni-,				
	MMAW 111	Be-, and V-				
		alloys Stainless,	-			
	FCAW 136/137	Mn- and Ni			TH3/P3,	TH3/P3,
		alloys	n.a.	LEV high <sup>10</sup>	LDH3 <sup>11</sup>	LDH3 <sup>11</sup>
	GMAW 131	Cu-alloys				
	Develop Discuss And 450	Stainless,				
	Powder Plasma Arc 152	Mn-, Ni-, and Cu- alloys				
VI	GMAW 131	Ou alloys		Reduced (negative) pressured area <sup>9</sup>	TH3/P3, LDH3 <sup>11</sup>	TH3/P3, LDH3 <sup>11</sup>
		Be-, and V-	n.a.			
	Powder Plasma Arc 152	alloys		LEV low <sup>12</sup>		
VII			Un-, high Cored wire, not Alloyed steel containing Ba	Reduced (negative)		
				pressured area 9		
		Alloyed Steel		LEV medium <sup>13</sup>		
	Self shielded FCAW 114	Un-, high	Cored wire			
		Alloyed steel	containing Ba	Reduced (negative)	TH3/P3, LDH3 <sup>11</sup>	TH3/P3, LDH3 <sup>11</sup>
	All	Painted / primed	Paint/ Primer containing Pb	pressured area <sup>9</sup>	LDH3 ···	LDH3
	Arc Gouging and Cutting 8	All	n.a.	LEV high <sup>10</sup>		
	Thermal Spray	All	n.a.			
	Gases Brazing 9	Cd- alloys	n.a.	1		
		-		15		
	Lesen Maldie 7	C	losed system or Confined	space'	-	1
I	Laser Welding 52					
	Laser Cutting 84	All	Closed system	GV medium <sup>4</sup>	n.a.	n.a.
	Electron Beam 51					
VIII	All	All	Confined space	LEV high <sup>10</sup> External air supply	LDH3 11	LDH3 11